THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

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PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, MAY 8, 1871.

DOUBLE SHEET-THREE CENTS.

FIRST EDITION

The Celebrated Cheney Case. Casualty in Syracuse.

Two Men Burned to Death.

Penna. Freedmen's Relief Schools.

The Putnam-Foster Case.

Statement of the Murderer.

An Army of Caterpillars.

THE CHENEY TRIAL ENDED.

Verdict of the "Court Organized to Convict"-Sentence of Degradation from the Ministry Recommended.

The Ecclesiastical Court of the Episcopal diocese of Illinois met yesterday morning at 10 c'cleck, pursuant to adjournment, to take final action regarding the charges pending against the Rev. Charles E. Cheney. The chain of evi-dence for the prosecution having been concluded on the preceding day, and as there was no defense to listen to, both testimony and proctors for the same having been ruled out, there was little else for the Court to do but act upon the evidence received. After the opening of the Court with prayer, the Secretary read the following, which recommends that the scatence of degradation from the ministry be pronounced against Mr. Cheney:-

To the Right Reverend the Bishop of Illinols:— The undersigned, constituting the Reclesiastical Court for the trial of the Rev. Charles Edward Cheney, a presbyter of the diocese of Illinois, upon the charges and specifications preferred against him in a presentment dated March 27, A. D. 1871, having heard the evicence produced before us, in accordance with the provisions of canen XX of this diocese, and having deliberately considered the same, do hereby declare in writing our verdict upon the several charges and specifications in said pre-

seniment, to wit:That the said Rev. Charles Edward Chency is That the said Rev. Charles Edward Chency is guilty on all the charges and specifications con-tained in said presentment, and, while as presbyters sitting in judgment on the conduct of a brother pres-byter, we find our duty an exceedingly painful one, we feel obliged to state that, in our opinion, the canonical and ecclesiastical sentence of degra lation from the ministry of the Church of God should be

pronounced upon him.
In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands, this 4th day of May. A. D. 1871, in the city of Chicago, at the chapel of the Cathedral of SS. Peter and Paul. (Signed) Chinton Locke, F. M. Gregg, William W. Estabrook, W. H. Williams, J. L. Townsend.

Judge Otis was of opinion that the promulga-tion of the sentence by the Bishop would not occur for several weeks, no time as yet having been fixed upon. The same gentlemen thought that when the right of ownership to Christ's Church was taken into the civil courts for decision, as it undoubtedly would be, it would be found that among the pew-holders of the church there were many anti-Chenevites.

This concludes the Whitehouse-Chency affair, which has occupied the attention of the public for the past two years, so far as the action of an ecclesiastical court can go. The superlative degree of punishment which has been recommended by the court will undoubtedly be pronounced by Bishop Whitehouse, thus removing Mr. Cheney beyond the pale of the Episcopal Church, and outside of the jurisdiction of the Bishop or any ecclesiastical court which he see fit to call together. Upon the promulgation of the sentence recommended by the court, Mr. Cheney will stand upon an independent platform, as he, in effect, has done since the former trial. - Chicago Republican, May 5.

HORRIBLE CASUALTY.

Fire in Syracuse-Two Men Burned to Death in a Bagnio-Injuries and Narrow Escapes of Other Parties. The Syracuse (N. Y.) Journal of Saturday

At twenty minutes past 7 o'clock last evening, an alarm of fire was sounded from box 16, corner of Fulton and Olive streets. It was occasioned by the discovery that the bagnio kept by James Dings and Della Foster, No. 85 Pearl street, Fourth ward, was in flames. 'The origin of the fire was as follows:-A lad named Frank Robinson, employed about the house, went to a five-gallon can of burning fluid, which was in the saloon on the ground floor, and filled a lamp. After filling the lamp, he lit it, throwing the still burning match upon the floor, not observing that some of the fluid had leaked from the can. The burning match fell in the spilled fluid, and in a second the blaze commulicated to the can, which soon exploded, scattering its contents over the floor. the time of giving the alarm there were in the house John Hand, of Liverpool, James Dings, Della Foster, Alice Gardner, and Mary White, all inmates. The boy ran up stairs to the room occupied by Dings, whom he found lying on the bed asleep, and tried to awaken him, but was told to clear out and let him alone. The boy next went up stairs and tried to awaken Hand, who was also asleep, but with no better success. By this time the flames had spread so rapidly that the boy was compelled to eave to save himself, which he did. The girls White and Gardner had, on the alarm being given, hastened to their rooms to try and save their effects, and after staying as long as they could and when nearly stifled by the smoke, they attempted to descend the stairs, but found their retreat cut off, the stairs being all in flames. The girl White started for one of the front windows in the second story, and, kicking out the glass, jumped out, landing on the roof of rear shed, from which position she was rescued She had several cuts about her foot and leg. The Gardner girl ran to a window to the rear of the house and jumped out, landing on the ground and sustaining severe cuts about the face and bruises on her back and arm. The woman Foster attempted to get into the room where Dings was, by means of a halcony in front, but on opening the front door the flames and smoke struck her in the face, burning her quite severely and driving her back. The fact that two men were in the burning building was not generally known, and the rapidity with which the flames spread would have made it extremely hazardous for any one to attempt to get to them.

As soon as it was possible, search was made for the missing men. On entering the bed-room the body of Dings was discovered. The slats of the bedstead, on which he had lain down after supper, had burned off, and the mattress and edding had fallen down upon the floor. In the centre of this, and crosswise of the bed, lay Dings upon his face. The back portion of his body and his head are burned to a crisp, his clothing being almost entirely burned from his In the third story was found the body of Hand, who, it appears, must have made an attempt to save himself on finding the house was on fire. The body lay near the bed, the feet being beneath it. A quilt, partially burned, was found wrapped about him, as though he had sought to pretect himself from the flames. Both Dings and Hand had been drinking freely, and after supper both thought to take a nap. deep sleep induced by their potations was, no doubt, the cause of their not understanding the boy who attempted to save them, and their refusal to get up ensured their horrible deaths.

THE FREEDMEN'S SCHOOLS.

Success of the Pennsylvania Relief Associ-

While we hear on every hand of the Ku-klux outrages, it is gratifying to know of the change of feeling by the people of the South in regard to the Freedmen's schools and the teachers sent out by the Northern associations. Many of these schools have been adopted by the State authorities, who frequently make application for teachers from the North, through the association, as well as pupils out of their Normal schools, to become teachers in their State schools, where State aid does not extend to the freedmen, and asking that the schools may continue, promising to pay two-thirds of the expense. The following from a Lynchburg (Va.) paper will show that the authorities there have adopted all the Lynchburg schools of the Pennsylvania Freedmen's Relief Association:-Mr. Averett stated the object of the meeting to be to express their wishes and desires in reference to the retention or not of the teachers now teaching at Polk street school-house, and asked all to express themselves freely.

Mr. Nicholas Butler offered the following pre-

amble and resolutions, which were unanimously Whereas, Professor J. E. Yoder, the two Misses Whitaker, and Miss Stevens, being the teachers sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission that the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the Virginia Branch A. F. U. Commission to the best sent here by the be ion, have been with us for a long time, and by their

faithful and untiring efforts for the establishment of schools in this city have won for them the confi-filence and esteem of both parents and children; Resolved, That it is our wish that they may be retained under the State organization, that they may continue a work in which they have been so zealous

Robert A. Perkins offered the following, which Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing resolutions be sent to the Superintendent of Public Schools, as expressive of our wishes, and a copy of the same be sent to each of the teachers, and a vote of thanks to the Pennsylvania Branch of the A. F. U. Commission of the Commission of t sion, through Colonel Robert R. Corson, its Corres-

son, through Colonel Robert R. Corson, its Corresponding Secretary.

On motion of Mr. Squire Taliaferro, the Chair appointed the following a committee to wait upon the Superintendent, Mr. A. F. Biggers, and prosent him with a copy of the resolution adopted this evening. Committee—Royai J. Morgan, Robert A. Perkins, Fphraim Ray, Henry Ballew, Zach Langley, William Smith, and Thomas D. Wade.

On notion the meeting adjourned. On motion the meeting adjourned.

JOHN EVERETT, Chairman.

B. Branch, Secretary.

The meeting was a very large one indeed. The church was crowded. The resolutions were adopted without a dissenting voice. The colored people were really enthusiastic and in earnest when they asked for the retention of these teachers.

THE VILLAIN FOSTER.

His Own Statement of the Street Car

Murder. The New York Tribune has a long statement from the wretch who killed Mr. A. D. Putnam. Foster says:—"When I got on the car I stood on the front platform, with my back against the front window on the left hand side going up. I paid my fare from a minute to a minute and a half after getting on. I stood there about five or six minutes, when the driver touched my arm to attract my attention inside the car. I looked in, but I don't remember what I saw there. I had drank fifteen or sixteen glasses of whisky, and I was very drunk. I didn't enter the car then. In a little while afterwards I opened the door and went in. I sat down and fell into a sort of a doze. I can't say how long I sat there but after a while I got up and went on to the front platform again. I was then in a stupor. I don't remember that I saw any girl in the car. I didn't notice what was the I can't say where Mr. Putnam sat, whether in the corner or opposite to me. I don't know where the girl sat: I didn't see her get up at all.

"While I sat in the car Mr. Putnam to'd me

that I had too much bad rum in me and wasn't fit to talk to. Before I went into the car he called me a loafer and a coward. I don't know why he did it, unless because the door was opened and shut a few times. I don't know by whom it was opened and shut, whether the young lady did it or not. I don't recollect any-thing I did after leaving the inside of the car. The lady who was with the girl did not speak to me. I didn't see the girl change her seat. When I got off I can't say whether the car had stopped for me or for a passenger. I don't remember that it had stopped at all. I don't know where Mr. Putnam and his party got off. I have no recollection of seeing a car-book. was very drunk that night, drunk enough to stagger. I didn't hear the car bell ring to stop. When Mr. Putnam called me a loafer and a coward I made no reply that I remember, but won't be positive that I did not. He then went inside again, and it was after this that I went inside. I don't know whether he was with the ladies or not; I didn't notice any of them. don't know at what time I got home; my wife says about 1 o'clock. I was arrested about 3; I had not gone to bed: my wife says I was asleep in a chair; she says she told me two detectives were there. I don't remember saying anything on the way to the station-house. I know that I walked, but don't remember whether any one took hold of me.'

AN ARMY OF CATERPILLARS.

Railways Trains Compelled to Stop by their Accumulation on the Track-A Lake Swarming with the Creepers.

For several days past, myriads of little black caterpillars have appeared in various sections in this vicinity. On the line of the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, a few miles south of this city, they

COVERED THE RAILROAD TRACK to such an extent that the wheels of the railway trains refused to pass over them, but whirled around with such velocity that the trains stood still. Upon reaching the "varmints" the locomotive crushed them with a popping, snapping sound for a few hundred feet, and when the wheels were well greased with fat, it would stop, and not until the track was swept and sanded would the wheels perform their duty. Shortly after passing, the caterpillars

AGAIN SWARMED OVER THE RAILS, and the next passing train had the same work of sweeping to perform. They have also been seen, though less numerously, on the Memphis and Charleston and Memphis and Little Rock Out at the race course last week it was stated that when persons sal down on the ground, only a few moments elapsed before the 'sittee" was covered with the creepers, which seemed to rise from the very earth or some

It is stated that a little lake or sheet of water, some seven miles from the city, near Nonconnah. is

LITERALLY SWARMING WITH CATERPILLARS, which, having crowded around its border in such countless numbers are crowded into the water by force of numbers from the vast armies in the rear. This phenomenon is the most re-markable incident of the season, and none can account for the unexpected visit .- Memphis Avalanche, 2d instant.

Touching Instance of Attachment. A middle-aged gentleman went past our office last evening sobbing and moaning bitterly. wrung his hands, and tears were streaming down his cheeks. Loud was his cry, and with pity did we hear him moan, "Oh my Duluth, my poor dear Duluth." We ran out and tried comfort him, but with increased sighs and pitiful groans did he exclaim, "Darling Dulath, oh my sweet, innocent, lovely Duluth. O-ho-ho. My! Duluth! Duluth! Duluth!" We had never witnessed a demonstration of this kind before, but on inquiry we learn that among the true and loyal lovers of this city similar exhibitions of their affection are not at all uncommon .- Duinth Morning Call.

SECOND EDITION

TO-DAY'S CABLE NEWS.

Rebellion's Approaching Collapse. The Versaillists Gaining Ground.

An Asylum at the Tuileries.

The Crisis in Mexico.

The Juarez Party Sustained. An Ohio Town Burned Down.

Creat Fire in Wilmington, Del. Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph. A Sortie on Saturday.

LONDON, May 8-6:30 A. M.-The Daily Telegraph has the following special despatch from Paris, dated Sunday: -A sortie was made on Saturday in the direction of Issy.

The Insurgents were Repulsed, with enormous loss, and fled to Paris. They Fired on Their Friends, who refused to open the gates into the Vau-

girard quarter. There was a Panic at Fort Vanvres,

where the Nationals deserted their position. General Rossel has ordered the right sleeves of their uniforms to be cut off as a punishment. Prince Bismarck is inclined to give up the forts, but insists on

the strict payment of the war indemnity, for which purpose he suggests that loans be raised by the French Government. The main points of the treaty of peace have been agreed on between Bismarck and Favre. The Peace Conference.

FRANKFORT, May 7 .- The third conference was attended by MM. Favre, Ponyer-Quertier, and Ducroe, and Prince Bismarck and Baron Arnim. M. Erlanger, the banker, was present a part of the time. The conference lasted four hours, and an agreement was reached as to the main points. The document will be drawn up Assembly and the German Emperor for ratifi-

The Emperor Telegraphed to Bismarck yesterday, saying:-"While strictly adhering to the preliminary stipulation I am willing to afford all possible facilities for a complete understanding. I am willing to fully discuss the means for an early suppression of anarchy and for the establishment of a legal government in France." Bismarck Returns to Berlin *

on Tuesday. The imperialists are said to be very active in the rural districts of France.

Another Version of Saturday's Fight. Paris, May 7-Evening .- The Versaillists reconnoitred. Their ranks were decimated by the mitrailleuses of the Communists, and they were routed. General Rossel visited the outposts during the night, and returned at 5 this morning. General Rossel's mother is a Scotch woman. At the beginning of the war the General lived at Bourges, and coming to Paris demanded active service, but, being discouraged, thought of embarking in journalism. The editor of the Temps persuaded him to remain in the army. It is the general opinion that France has at last found, in him, a true soldier. At a club meeting held in the church of St. Nicholas, in the Champs Elysees, last night, M. Perrin proposed that the Commune summon the Versaillists

To Liberate Blanqui within twenty-four hours, on pain of putting the Archbishop of Paris to death. The proposition was carried by acclamation.

I have just seen a soldler of the National Guard, 29th Battalion, wounded in the late affair. at d'Issy. He states that he was surprised by the Versaillist commander, who

Refused Quarter. My informant received twenty-five wounds,

laid two hours, and crawled to the outposts. The Funerals in theQuartier Des Gobelius are innumerable. The Avenue d'Italic is thronged with hearses. A great meeting of men over fifty years of age took place on the Place Bastille. Five thousand were present and marched to the Louvre and demanded arms. They say they want to show the young men how to fight. Arms were promised them. Prisoners taken are returned if they refuse to fight for the Commune, the insurgents being unable to feed useless mouths. The Federals are greatly exasperated over the reports that

English Opinion of the High Commission. LONDON, May 8 .- The Times, in an article upon the labors of the Joint High Commission, expresses the hope that the Congress of the United States will be willing to accept and approve the work of the negotiators. "The treaty," says the Times, "is yet only a provisional one, and must be ratified by both houses of Parliament." Of this, however, the Times seems entirely confident.

the Versalllists kill the wounded on the field of

The Cause of Napoleon. BERLIN, May 8 .- It is stated, upon what is said to be official authority, that enlistments of men for the support of the cause of the Emperor Napoleon in France are being made in America.

The Napoleonic Dynasty. LONDON, May 8 .- It is again rumored that the Emperor Napoleon has gone to France secretly, relying upon the disaffection in the army for support in an attempt to regain the throne.

New Butteries. VERSAILLES, May 8 .- Nothing of importance occurred here during last night. The new batteries at Montretout, mounting eighty-two guns, will open fire on Paris to-day.

President Thiers has issued a proclamation to the people of Paris, in which he says that the Government

Will Not Bombard the City, but make an assault upon the ramparts. He requests the citizens to rally around the troops, and promises in return for their aid the granting an amnesty and the continuance of the subsidies

This Morning's Quotations.

This Morning's Quotations.

LIVERPOOL, May 8—10-30 A. M.—Cotton opened quiet and steady; middling uplands, 7½@7½d.; middling Orleans. 7½@7½d. The sales to day are estimated at 10,000 bales.

LONDON, May 8—11-30 A. M.—Consols for money, 98½; for account, 93½@93½. American securities quiet and steady; U. S. bonds of 1862, 90½; of 1865, old, 90½; of 1867, 92½; 10-40s, 89½.

LONDON, May 8.—Tallow active at 44s.

FROM MEXICO.

[HY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

The Ministeral Crisis-Triumph of Juarez CITY OF MEXICO, April 30, via Havana, May 7. -The party of President Juarez triumphed in the final vote on the Guerrero questien, the vote being 94 to 90. It was a test question for the administration, and the ministerial crisis talked of by the President is not now imminent. Juarez will keep Romero and Mejia as long as they will stay in the Cabinet. Railroad Matters.

The road from Vera Cruz to the capital is safe. The railroad has been completed to near Cordoba. The opening of the Atoice bridge, an iron structure, three hundred and thirty feet in length, by the English Railrad Company, was presided over by Mr. Nelson, the United States Minister to Mexico. The Claims Commission.

The period in which the Claims Commission is to complete its labors has been prolonged for one year. The treaty of prolongation has been signed by Minister Nelson and the Mexican Secretary of

The Lower California Question. Messrs. Wood and Kellogg's resolution in the United States House of Representatives tonching Lower California has been discussed at length by the Mexican press.

Triumph of Lerdo's Partisans. President Juarez has yielded to Congress on the question of the Municipal Council of the capital. He says that he yielded to preserve the peace. The par-tisans of Senor Lerdo now hold possession of all the

Manifest Destiny. The well-known statistician and historian, Manuel Payno, has written and published a series of arti-cies, holding that it is the manifest destiny of the Northern races to absorb the Southern, and alluding to the fact that Mexico is among the latter. The Mexican newspapers dispute his theories.

The Tchuantepec Canal. News from the Isthmus of Tehuautepec confirms the reports previously received of the practicability of a ship canal. General Items.

Consul Hoyt, of Minatitian, is dead, and Herman Brouson has been appointed in his stead. The Mexican Protestants are making considerable

FROM THE STATE.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph. President Grant's Movements.

HARRISBURG, May 8 .- On Saturday President Grant passed through here on his way to Newville, Pa., in company with Jay Cooke, to spend Sunday, where his family have been for some time, visiting Dr. Alex. Sharp. The President to-morrow and on Tuesday sent to the French | returns to Washington this afternoon, leaving Newville at 11 o'clock this morning.

Work Resumed in the Coal Region. POTTSVILLE, May 8.-Kear & Anstris' men resumed work this morning, on the operators' terms of fixed wages-miners, \$13; inside laborers, \$11, and outside laborers, \$10 per week, 10 per cent. off of contract work.

The following collieries resumed work this morning on the operators' proposition of April 22:-Laurence, Merkle & Co., at Mahanoy Planes: Maple Dale, at Mahanoy City; and Kear & Anstris, at Minersville. Others are preparing to follow. The coal operators consider the strike as virtually ended in this county.

Demonstration of Miners at Hyde Park. HYDE PARK, Pa., May 8 .- A large procession of miners to-day marched through the town in an orderly manner. A large meeting will be held this afternoon in Fellows' woods, where they will be addressed by President James Kealy. They appear firmly resolved to stand out until their rights are guaranteed.

FROM THE WEST. [BY ASSOCIATED PRESS] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

Vice-President Colfax. CHICAGO, May 8 .- Vice-President Colfax left South Bend last evening for Washington, to be present at the extra session of the United States

Destruction of a Town by Fire. CLEVELAND, May 8 .- It is reported that the town of Fagundas, in the oil regions, was entirely destroyed by fire last night. No particulars have been received.

FROM DELAWARE. [BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

Destructive Fire at Wilmington. WILMINGTON, Del., May 8 .- All of the workshops of the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore Railroad Company are now burning. The depot is also in great danger. About twenty locomotives and all of the machinery will be destroyed.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph. Military Display.

WASHINGTON, May 8 .- The 5th Maryland Regiment will arrive here on Wednesday morning on the way to Mount Vernon. They will receive a marching salute from the President. This regiment comprises men some of whom were in the Union and others in the Confederate army during the late war.

Government Weather Report. WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASHINGTON, May 8-10-30 A. M.—Synopsis for the past twenty-four hours:—The barometer on the Pacific coast continues high with, a slight fall of temperature. An area of low pressure probably exists west of Iowa. The highest pressure is now central over Alabama. The barometer still remains quite low on the coast of Maine, with cold northwest winds in the Middle and Eastern States. A very rapid fall in the parameter took place on Sunday in the Ohio Valley, but the pressure is now recovered. Temperature has riser, and fresh north-easterly winds began to be felt on Lake Michigan. Heavy snow with westerly gale is reported from Probabilities. Clear or partially cloudy weather

will probably continue during Monday on the lower inkes and Atlantic coast. Increasing northeasterly winds on the upper lakes, cloudy and rainy weather Frost in New York State.

POUGHKEEPSIE, May 8 .- The farmers in the interior report a heavy frost last night. Chicago Flour and Wheat Market. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

CHICAGO, May 8 — 939 A. M.—Wheat dull; No. 2, \$1-25%; \$1-26%; \$1-26%; seller last half; 1-26%; \$1-26%; seller June; Corn steady at 54%; \$54%; \$6., seller May

CURIOSITIES OF SUICIDE.

A Young Girl Kills Herself Because She Wants to See God and Her Dead Brother.

From the Davenport (Iowa) Democrat, May 1. One of the most distressing, as well as mys terious, occurrences which we have been called upon to record for a long time, took place in our city last evening. A young girl of sixteen years, named Kate Kummerfelt, whose parents reside in the western part of the city, deliberately "shuffled off this mortal coil" by jumping into the Mississippi, near the foot of Ripley street. She had left her outer garments upon the boat, and in her pocket was found the fol-

lowing letter to her parents:-"Farewell, dear father and mother! I hope you will not be frightened. I am tired of this bad world. I want to go to Ged and see my little sister and brother. I shall write this letter myself as good as I ther. I shall write this letter myself as good as I can, but probably you cannot read it. Here is something for my mother. There is no cause for this act, you can depend upon that. Virtuous I have always been; pure is my soul; but I have always kept it to myself so that others might not make sport of me. Now let me hasten to my home—on the happy way to heaven. I will find the way about as far as it, as God is above me he will cheer me up Before me is the water; above me is the moon. Give my best respects to all my friends. And now, farewell.

"KATE KUMMERFELT."

Deliberate Self-Murder of a Cincinnati Drug Clerk,

The Cincinnati Times of Saturday says:-Between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning a young man named John A. Birkle, aged about eighteen years, was found in his room at Mrs. Moore's boarding-house, No. 10 Third street, between Scott and Madison, in the agonies of death, he having swallowed a large quantity of strychoine. A physician was promptly obtained, but the unfortunate youth was beyond the reach of medical skill, and died in about twenty minutes. The deceased was a clerk in a wholesale drug house at the corner of Fifth and Walnut streets. On Wednesday he spent most of the day in going about the city inviting his friends and acquaint-ances to attend his funeral, telling them that he intended to commit suicide, but none of them paid any attention to his statements, thinking

he was joking or in liquor.
One man called him a "—— fool," whereupon he commenced crying, and finally pulled a vial out of his vest pocket and said that it contained the poison that he was going to take. About 10 o'clock P. M. he went to his boarding-house, and, after playing a game of euchre with an acquaintance, retired to his room, where he employed himself for about two hours in writing letters to his mother, father, brothers, and sisters, who reside near Burlington, Boone county. The letters were all pretty much alike, simply telling them that he was about to commit suicide, bidding them adieu, and asking them to attend his funeral. In a letter written to his sweetheart, Miss Emma Minor, of Burlington, he stated that he did not know why he was committing suicide. None of the letters written reveal the slightest hint as to why he poisoned himself.

DIAMOND ROBBERY.

A Hotel Bell Boy Decamps with Diamond Jewelry Sent to a Lady Guest. Mrs. Whitney, a lady stopping at the Grand Central Hotel, on Saturday purchased diamonds to the amount of \$4000, intended as a bridal present to her daughter. She left orders that they should be sent to her hotel. About six o'clock a messenger from the jewelry store where the purchase was made entered the hotel package addressed to Mr. Mills, one of the cleri ceived the same and called Martin Fay, one of the bell boys, to whom he gave instructions to carry it to Mrs. Whitney's room. Mr. Mills was unaware of the value of the packages and was somewhat surprised an hour afterwardf to receive an inquiry from Mrs. Whitney at to whether a package of diamond jewelry had been received for her. He called for the boy Martin Fay, and to his astonishment the boy was nowhere to be found. Competent detectives were immediately put on the track of the faci-

be speedily caught .- N. Y. Herald, to-day. LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

tive bell boy, and there is no doubt but he will

Prison Cases.

Court of Quarter Sessions-Judge Finletter. Petty prison cases were tried to-day. Charies Edwards was acquitted of the charge of stealing one dollar from a tavern at Twenty-first and Filbert streets, the evidence being that one of

four men teck the money, but not proving which Mary McCabe was convicted of the larceny of a bale of muslin that was taken from a store at Firteenth and Market streets, and found in her pos-

John Sweeney, alias Edward Swann, pleaded guilty to two charges of receiving stolen goods. Lewis Haverstick was convicted of assault and John Stricker was acquitted of the charge of interfering with an officer while making an arrest, the evidence showing the arcest to have been wrongful. Baines vs. Baines.

Court of Common Pleas-Allison, P. J. The arguments in this divorce case are being

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

EVENING TELEGRAPH OFFICE, Monday, May 8, 1871.

The Philadelphia money market is substantially in the condition noted during the past The supply of funds offering is large and accumulating from day to day, making it easy to obtain loans on very favorable rates. The latter are almost nominal, notwithstanding the sharp demand from the brokers. Large sums have been offered as low as 4 per cent. on choice collaterals, but the usual range is 5@6 per cent. Commercial paper of desirable grades scarce, and good makers can obtain almost their own terms for favors.

Gold is quiet and steady, with all the sales ranging from 111@1111/6, closing at the latter. Government bonds are dull but firm, with a slight advance in prices as compared with Saturday's quotations.

Stocks were active and prices barely as strong but steady. Sales of City 6s at 103% for the

new bonds. Reading Railroad sold at 56 1-16, s. o., up to 56 3-16. Pennsylvania sold in a small way at 6214; Oil Creek and Allegheny at 51@52%; Northern Central at 42%@%, b. o.; Pulladelphia and Erle at 28%; Catawissa at 20%, for a small let; Cam-den and Amboy was in demand and higher. Sales at 126@127, b. o., closing at the latter

In Canal shares there were sales of Lehigh at 34@35 and Morris preferred at 120. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street. FIRST BOARD.

\$1000 Pa Rgung 100 \$8000 Pa & N Y C 78 97\(\) 100 \$500 sh Read. 860.56 1-16 200 600 do 56 3-16 35 200 do . . . 85.56 3-10 76 do....880. 513 do....60. 52 do...b30 56 3-16 141 sh Cam & Am... do...b30 56 3-16 41 do...b60 56 3-16 20 do...b30 200 do ... 53 56 5-16 14 an Cam & Am . 128 50 50 0 do ... 56 5 56 3-16 20 do ... 53 127 2 do ... 56 4 249 do ... 530 127 1 sh Manuf Bk ... 2934 197 do ... 127 do ... 128 do ...

S Sh Cata R. 20% 40 Sh 13th & 15th R 25
MESSES DE HAVEN & BROTAER, NO. 40 S. Third
Street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations:
—U. S. 6s of 1851, 110% a117%; do. 1852, 110% a111%;
do. 1864, 110% a111%; do. 1865, 110% a111; do. 1865,
now, 113 a113%; do. 1867, do. 113% a113%; do. 1865,
do. 113% a113%; 10-40s, 109% a110%; U. S. 30 Year
6 per cent. Currency, 115% a115%; Gold, 111&
111%; Silver, 105% a108; Union Pacific Railroad
1st Mort. Bonds, 90,200%; Central Pacific Hallroad, 100% a101%; Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds,
13% a51%. 813,481%

MESSES. WILLIAM PAINTER & CO., No. 36 S. Third

Philadelphia Trade Report. MONDAY, May 8 .- There is nothing doing in Clover

would command \$2.10 per bushel. Holders of No. 1 Quercitron Bark ask \$30 per ton, but there is no demand for the article.

There is no improvement to record in the Fiour market, the demand being conduced aimost exclusively to the wants of the trade. About 1800 barrels changed hands, including unsound at \$5.25; superfine at \$5.37/605-62/2; extras at \$5.75.66-25; wisconsin and Minnesona extra family at \$6.75.67-25; Pennsylvania do. do. at \$6.25.66-75; Indiana and Ohio do. do. at \$7.67-62/2; and fancy brands at \$7.75.68-25. Kye Fiour commands \$5.75. Prices of Corn Meal are nominal.

There is not much demand for Wheat and no change from Saturday's quotations. Sales of 3000 bushels Western red at \$1.55.61-62; Pennsylvania do. do. at \$1.01; and amber at \$1.65.61-67. Rye is soarce and sold at \$1.20. Corn is in better request, with sales of 6000 bushels yellow at 78c. and Western mixed at 75.6760. Oats are unchanged; 3000 bushels Western and Pennsylvania sold at \$2.26.640. Whishy—The stock is light and prices firm. Sales of Western iron-bound barrels at \$30. Holders of No. 1 Quercitron Bark ask \$30 per

or Timothy seed to fix prices. Flaxseed, if here,

Philadelphia Cattle Market.

MONDAY, May 8 .- There is no improvement to record in the market for Beef Cattle, the dem and from the butchers still being limited and confined to small lines to meet the pressing wants of their customers. We quite choice at 8@8%c.; fair to good at 67.@7%c., and common at 4@6c. per lb., gross. |Receipts 2000 head. The following are the particulars of the sales :-

18 Janes S. Hirk, Lancaster co., 7% 8%.

40 Jas. Christy, Lancaster co., 7% 8%.

40 R. Maynes, Western, 6% 8%.

41 John McArdle, Western, 88%.

42 John McArdle, Western, 88%.

43 Dengler & McCleese, Lancaster, co., 767%.

44 P. McFillen, Lancaster co., 768.

100 Ph. Hathaway, Lancaster co., 768.

101 Ph. Hathaway, Lancaster co., 768.

102 B. F. McFillen, Lancaster co., 768.

103 E. S. McFillen, Lancaster co., 768.

104 J. J. Martin & Co., Western, 768.

105 M. Ullman, Lancaster co., 768.

106 D. Smyth & Bro., Lancaster co., 767%.

107 Mooney, Miller & Co., Western, 768.

108 M. Ullman, Lancaster co., 768.

109 M. Ullman, Lancaster co., 768.

109 M. Ullman, Lancaster co., 768.

100 M. Ullman, Lancaster co., 768.

101 Mooney, Miller & Co., Western, 768.

102 Mooney & Bro., Lancaster co., 688.

45 Mooney & Bro., Lancaster co., 6.88, 51 L. Frank, Pennsylvania, 768. 80 Gus, Schamberg, Western, 768, 20 H. Chain, Pennsylvania and Western, 6% 674.

20 H. Chain, Pennsylvania and Western, 6%@74.

10 H. Chain, Jr., Lancaster co., 6%@74.

12 H. Brum & Son, Western, 7%@74.

12 H. Frank, Western, 7@8.

42 Elcorn & Co., Pennsylvania, 7@8.

101 Hope & Levy, Western, 7¼@84.

27 S. Frank, Pennsylvania, 7%74.

55 L. Leavenstine, Pennsylvania, 7%.

20 S. Steinburg, Western, 7@74.

Cows and Calves—There is more demand for this description of stock and prices are firm. Sales of fresh cows at \$30@75 and springers at \$30@65. Refresh cows at \$30@75 and springers at \$30@65. Receipts, 250 head.

Sheep are in fair request at about previous figures.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. PORT OF PHILADELPHIAMAY 8 STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH

SUN RISES...... 452 MOON SETS...... 11:35 SUN SETS....... 7: 1 HIGH WATER....... 4:27 (By Cable.)
LIVERPOOL, May 7. — Arrived, steamer Minuesota, from New York, and ship Princess Alice, from Gal-

LONDON, May 8 .- The bark George Annie, from Liverpool for Boston, was abandoned at sea. The crew were saved. The United States storeship Supply has sailed for Steamship Daciau, from New York, arrived in the

CLEARED THIS MORNING. Steamer Ann Eliza, Richards, New York, W. P. Clyde Tug Joe Johnson, Ingraham, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co. Tug Fairy Queen Wilson, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Steamship Norfolk, Platt, from Richmond via Norfolk, with indee, and passengers to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Steamer Bristol, Wallace, 24 hours from New York, with indee, to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Steamer W. Whilidin, Riggans, 13 hours from Baltimore, with mose, and passengers to A. Greves, Jr.

Er. bark Lalia W., Lentz, 45 days from Liverpool, with mose, to Peter Wright & Sons.

Bark Henry P. Lord, Pinkham, 7 days from Cardenss, with molasses. denas, with molasses. Br. brig Pathfinder, Cousins, 8 days fm Matanzas, with sugar to John Mason & Co.
Br. schr Leading Star, Foote, 6 days fm St. John, N. B., with lumber to Harbert, Davis & Co.—vessel

to Lennox & Burgess.
Schr M. C. Moseley, McFarland, 8 days fm Sagua,
with molasses to S. & W. Weish.
Schr C. C. Bearse, Hodgson, 7 days from Sagua,
with molasses to S. & W. Weish—vessel to Lennox & Burgess. Schr Ann E. Valentine, Bayles, 13 days from Cien-

fueges, with molasses to George C. Carson & Co .vessel to Lennox & Burgess.
Schr Only Son, Lawis, 7 days: m orfolk, with railroad ties to E. P. Burton.
Schr D. G. Floyd, Clifford, 5 days from Somerset, R. L. with make, to Lennox & Burgess. Schr Phil Sheridan, Clifford, 3 days fm Somerset, with masse, to Lennox & Burgess.
Schr Thomas W. Ware, Abdill, from James River, Va., with lumber to Collins & Co.

Schr General Grant, Celburn, from Norfolk, with Inniber to D. B. Trainer & Co.
Schr Four Sisters, Laws, 1 day from Milford, Del., with grain to John L. Redner. Schr Mary A. Loughery, Tsylor, from Norfolk, Schr Pauline Rambo, Ryder, from Baltimore, with

Schr Edi h May, Higgins, fm Wellfleet, with fish.
Schr Maggie Weaver, Weaver, from Boston.
Tug Farry Queen, Wilson, from Baltimore, with
a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug Joe Johnson, Ingraham, from Baltimore, with a tew of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co. Correspondence of The Evening Telegrank.
EASTON & MCMAHON'S BULLETIN.

NEW YORK OFFICE, May 6.—19 barges leave in tow to-night, for Baltimore, light. BALTIMORE BRANCH OFFICE, May 6 .- The follow-

BALTIMORE BEANCH OFFICE, May 6.—The following barges leave in tow to-night, leaded with coal for New 1 ork:

M. E. Kirkpatrick, T. A. Horton, W. H. Harned, Hamlot, Estelle, A. H. Grisweld, A. J. Taylor, R. H. Rockwood, A. V. Joslyn, N. W. Finch, Frank Sheldon, R. Van Vielt, D. R. White, R. W. King, C. Dewner, F. McWilliams, National, E. C. Petter, C. A. Dampeld, Osprey, E. B. Timmons, J. A. Scovill, H. Hennessey, G. H. Stewart, C. A. Silliman, James Lord, and C. H. Swan.

J. H. Vedder, with coal, for Philadelphia, 28 in all. Philadelphia Branch Office, Mays.—Weather.—On saturday, wind E. by N.; showery; at turn of night (midnight) wind backed up to N., bursting out

night (midnight) wind backed up to N., bursting out with violence; then recred to W. 36 N., at 7 A. M., yet raining heavy. May 8.—This 6-38 wind W. 36 N., by vancon State House. Barometer:—Sunday, 7th, 2°50 A. M., receding, stopped at 29 12-29; 6 A. M., rising to 99 16-20. L. S. C. rising to 29 10-20. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph, HAVEE-DE-GRACE, May 8. — The following boats

leave in tow to-day :-l'esota and J. J. Farsnaught, with lumber to Taylor & Betts. Charlie and Rollie. E. T. Postlethwait, and P. J. Tinsmen, with lumber to Watson, Malone & Son. C. M. Blanchard, with lumber to Craig & Blanchard. William and Edward, with lumber to Saylor, Day

S Grant, James Boyd, and Ado, with coal to

Lizzie and Three Brothers, with coal to H. Gaw-Mary and Sallie, with coal to C. R. Lindsay.

Colinna, to J. C. Morris.

Horace Johnson, with coal to Dodson & Co.

F. W. Levan, with lumber to O. R. Taylor & Son.

Priscilla, with lumber, for Wilmington, Del. J. F. Hedrick, with coal, for New York,